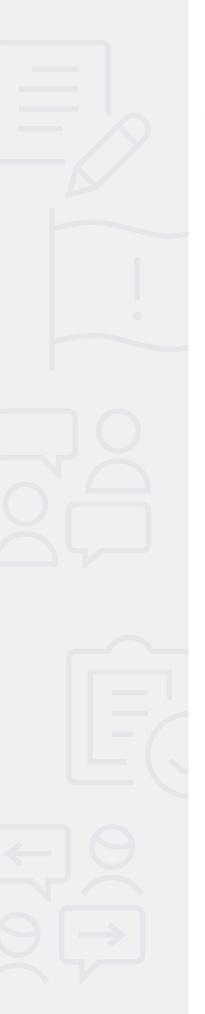


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Around the House

As we age, balance becomes a significant issue due to a variety of factors, including physical weakness, medications and cognitive or visual impairment. Ideally, a source of comfort for us, our home can become hazardous without a fall-preventive strategy. Right at Home can assess your house for anything that might be a health risk. In addition to a professional home safety check, you can increase your safety by:

- Finding someone to check on you regularly.
- Discussing medications with your physician.
- Establishing light-exercise routines.
- Scheduling vision checks.
- Checking their balance.
- Ensuring adequate lighting throughout home, especially in high traffic areas.
- De-cluttering the home of any loose items such as rugs or electrical cords.

95%

of all hip fractures are caused by falling, usually by falling sideways*

*National Council on Aging



The Bedroom

Getting Out of Bed, Reaching/Bending For Closet Items and Getting Up From Chairs

Risk	r Factors		
	Poor Lighting		Uneven or loose flooring
	Electrical cords across the floor	-	Decorative pillows and oversized bedding
	Beds/chairs that don't support safe egress	-	Bed skirts or other items that hang low
	Obstacles in pathways		Sliding throw rugs

Prev	Prevention			
	Ensure a light is within easy arm's reach of the bed, and use nightlights to illuminate the path from the bed to the bathroom		Avoid rearranging bedroom furniture so people with limited vision do not stumble over objects and fall	
	Provide bright light making it easier to avoid obstacles and furnishings		Rearrange lights and electronics along the walls and out of pathways	
	Remove clutter so paths are wide, straight and clear		Remove throw rugs from pathways or secure them with non-slip backing	
	Position closet shelves between waist and shoulder high to avoid excessive bending/reaching		Ensure proper bed height (when sitting on edge of bed, your knees should be 90 degrees with both feet flat on floor)	
	Provide stable chairs with sturdy armrests to help those who are weak		Other	

The Bathroom

Getting In and Out of the Tub and Shower

Risk Factors			
-	Slippery floor surfaces	-	Poor lighting (especially at night)
-	Slippery hand-support surfaces (top of sink)	-	Bathroom door opens inward (difficult to access fallen elder)
-	Towel bars used for balance support		

1/3

of aged adults fall each year, and among older adults, falls are the leading cause of both **fatal and nonfatal injuries***

*Centers for Disease Control and Prevention



Prevention			
	Use of non-slip tiles and removal or rugs		Remove door locks
	Replace towel bars with grab bars (color contrast)		Remove all cords and loose wiring from walkway
	Increase general and task lighting, including floor lighting		If plumbing allows, add hand-held shower
	Bathroom door opens outwards or install sliding pocket door		

Moving About

Risk Factors Slippery floor surfaces Towels or slippery rugs on floor Stepping in and out of tub or shower onto slippery surface Towel bars used as a grab bar

Prevention			
	Grab bars with color contrast		Shower chair/transfer bench
	Non-slip mats/decals/strips on floor, in tub and shower		Wall-attached soap/shampoo dispensers

Toileting

Risk Factors			
	Nighttime toileting		Hurrying to the toilet
	Poor lighting		

Preve	Prevention			
	Toilet grab bars (bars that attach to toilet are preferable to wallattached bars for those with good arm strength)		Bedside commode	
	Toilet riser to make it easier for those with decreased arm strength to stand up		Nightlights or floor lighting between bed and bathroom	
	Nightlights inside and outside the bathroom			

Hallways

floor

Walking

Poor lighting Obstacles in pathways Sliding throw rugs Upended carpet edges Electrical cords across the hallway

Handrails absent or handrails that don't support walking balance



Preve	Prevention		
	Rearrange lights along the walls and out of pathways		
	Remove clutter or furnishings in pathways		
	Remove or secure throw rugs with non-slip backing		
	Provide bright lighting making it easier to avoid obstacles		
	Install sturdy handrails for balance support		
	Repair any loose or uneven flooring and eliminate raised thresholds		



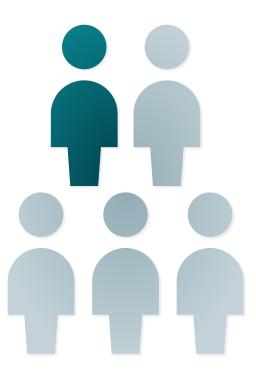
In the elderly, **30-50%** of falls are due to **environmental causes** such as poor lighting, slippery floors, and uneven surfaces.*

*Aging.com



falls result in serious injury.

*National Council on Aging



70% of falls occur on hard surfaces*

*Outdoor Falls Among Middle-Aged and Older Adults: A Neglected Public Health Problem | www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov /pmc/articles/PMC1483851/

The Living Room

Getting up from sofas and chairs Risk Factors Sofas and soft chairs don't Upended carpet edges support safe transition Smooth, slippery floors such as Electrical cords across the floor vinyl or wood **Prevention** Rearrange lights and electronics Remove sliding throw rugs or secure along the walls and out of them with non-slip backing pathways Tape down or mend upended carpet Install floor lighting edges Remove clutter Create wide, straight and clear paths Relocate low-lying tables that Provide sofas with armrests to may be difficult to see support safe transitions

Steps

Walking up and down steps

Risk Factors			
-	Lack of handrail support	-	Carrying loads, unable to see steps
	Lack of lighting		Wearing socks, making it easy to slip on steps
-	Steps/step coverings in poor repair	-	Not using handrails
-	Hurrying up/down steps	-	Other

Preve	Prevention			
	Install rounded handrails on both sides of steps that extend beyond top and bottom step so you know you are on solid footing		Repair faulty steps and loose carpet	
	Install brighter or additional stairway lighting and check for shadows that may cause visual confusion		Install carpet or non-slip rubber treads on each step	
	Provide lighting at the top and bottom of steps where most falls occur		Change potentially accident-prone stairway activity (e.g., grasp handrails)	
	Consider installing stair lights to illuminate the path		Wear supportive footwear with slip- resistant soles	
	Relocate low-lying tables that may be difficult to see			

The Kitchen

Reaching and bending for objects on shelves, slipping on wet flooring and getting up from kitchen chairs that slide or aren't equipped with arm-rest support

Risk Factors			
	Too high or low shelf and cabinet heights		Objects on high shelves and cabinets
	Slippery floor surfaces		Climbing on unsteady stools and chairs to obtain items
	Unstable chairs		

Prevention				
	Place a water-absorbent, non- skid mat in front of the sink		Clean up spills immediately	
	Use kitchen chairs with arms to allow you to sit and stand up more easily		Stay off freshly mopped floors	
	Never keep wheeled chairs in the kitchen		Remove sliding throw rugs or secure them with non-slip backing	
	Store frequently-used and heavy items within easy reach in a cabinet or shelf between your waist and shoulder		Ask for help whenever possible with tasks like changing light bulbs and retrieving things from high shelves rather than relying on the step stool	
	Consider using a Lazy Susan if cabinet/shelf space is limited		Avoid using step stools but use a sturdy step stool with a handle for balance support when necessary	
	Provide adequate lighting			

Outside

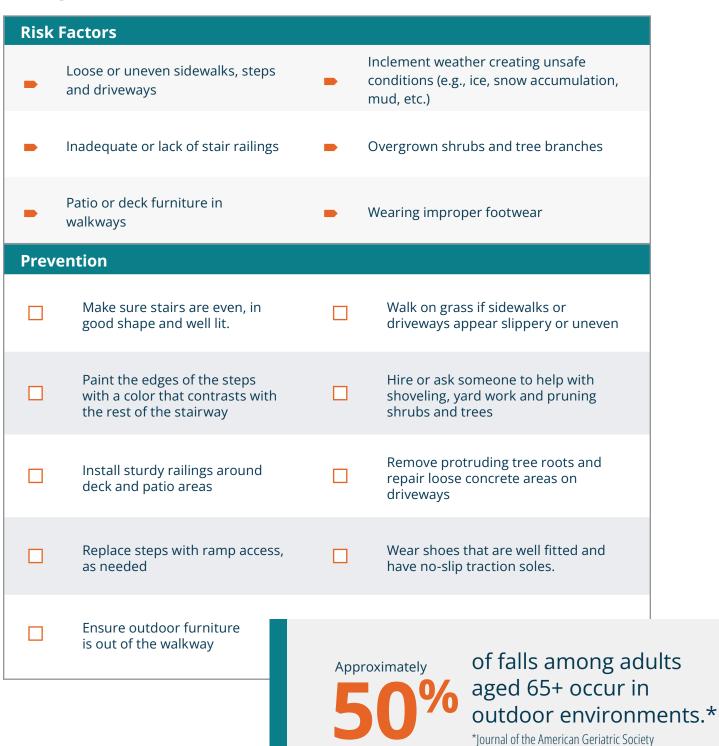
Walking Outside

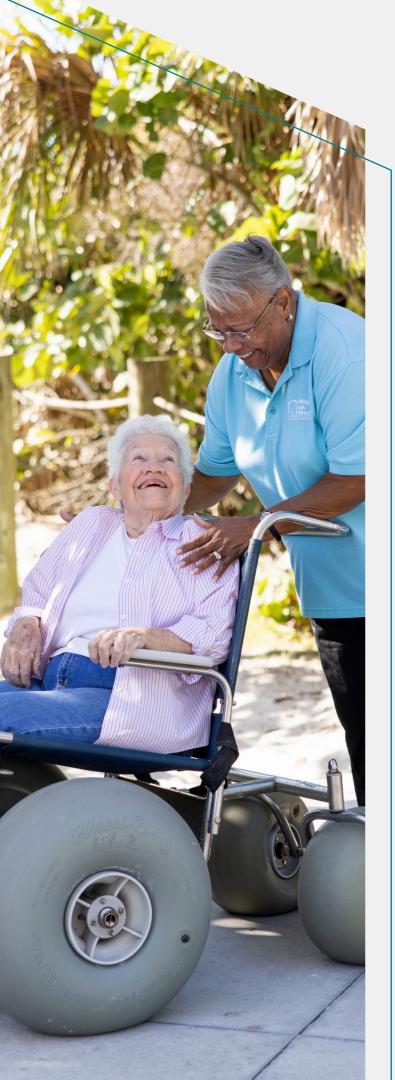
Risk Factors			
-	Uneven sidewalks and street surfaces, curbs and slippery surfaces	-	Parking lots and garages with short curbs placed at the end of parking spaces
-	Porches with slippery surfaces	-	Poor outdoor lighting
-	Parks can have uneven surfaces and wet grass	-	Vision problems or glare from sun

Prevention				
	Install good lighting on stairs and walkways		Ensure steps, patios and porches are maintained to avoid loose or broken boards and uneven surface	
	Ensure adequate lighting on perimeter of house		Be aware of changes in terrain such as steps, holes, uneven areas and obstacles in pathways	
	Cover walk areas such as porches and steps with weatherproof and textured paint for more traction		Check the height of curbs and steps before stepping up on them or down from them. Curbs with inclines or cutaways for bikes can be misleading.	
	Add abrasive strips or rubber stair treads, or use deck paint that has a rough texture		Watch for short curbs, wet areas and uneven surfaces in garages	
	Keep steps, sidewalks, decks and porches free of obstacles and debris		Wear correct eyewear when walking. Reading glasses or bifocals can distort potential hazards	
	Always use handrails when stepping on stairs		Install handrails that are graspable for outdoor steps.	

Outside, cont.

Walking Outside





Call today for an in-home visit or for more information.

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rightathome.net



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